Subject	PSHE	Year Group	5	Unit title	RSE		
(including online).  Competence: Children menstruation, key fact		en will know abo	ill understand the importance of privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships in will know about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including as about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams).  Will know where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including				
Skills				Assessment			
Self-awareness				Retrieval practice at the start of every lesson.			
Self-regulation	n			<ul> <li>Pause points/plenary to check for understanding in every lesson.</li> </ul>			
				<ul> <li>Socrative quizzes/reflection tasks at end of lessons.</li> </ul>			
Prior linked learning of core concepts				Future	linked learning of core concepts	Teacher preparation required	
Y4 T5 Unit 6				Y6 T5 Unit 6		<ul> <li>Ensure sound knowledge from the knowledge organiser content and prior knowledge.</li> <li>Download teacher and pupil decks to your own iPad and amend for your cohort.</li> <li>Read teacher notes for guidance.</li> </ul>	
					l.		

Week	Learning Outcome	PSHE Association: Programme of Study	Additional guidance		Lesson details	Further resources
1	~ Recognise that	KS2 R6. that a feature of	Informing parents / carers of when all these lessons	In t	this lesson the children will:	The NSPCC has a range of
	families of all types	positive family life is	are being delivered will enable them to respond	•	Identify different relationships in their	relevant and useful
	can give family	caring relationships;	appropriately and in a timely manner to any potential		own life.	resources on sex and
	members love,	about the different ways	questions that may arise following these lessons.	•	Understand that a feature of positive	relationships.
	security and	in which people care for			family life is caring relationships.	https://www.nspcc.org.uk
	stability.	one another.	<b>Set ground rules.</b> It's important to tell the children	•	Consider the different ways in which	/keeping-children-safe/
			they will be discussing sensitive information, so it is		people care for one another.	
	~ Recognise if	<b>KS2 R7.</b> to recognise and	important to have ground rules. Set the ground rules	•	Describe what a healthy relationship looks	IF YOU ARE A
	family	respect that there are	with the children at the start of every lesson this term.		like. Through real life scenarios they will	MEMBER: Medway /
	relationships are	different types of family	Also emphasise confidentiality and safeguarding.		consider the feelings of others and how to	PSHEAssociation RSE
	making them feel	ctructura lincludina	There is a slide with Teacher notes and a script to help		respond to this, such as being lonely/	<u>Resource</u>
		single parents, same-sex	with emphasising confidentiality and safeguarding.		excluded.	– YR 6 –
		parents, step-parents,	with emphasising confidentiality and suregulating.	•	Learn about appropriate and	Lesson 3 – Positive and
	help or advice.	blended families, foster			inappropriate touch and where to find	Healthy Relationships.

Know about confidential or secret, when this should or should not be agreed to and when it is right making them feel to break a confidence or share a secret.

all types can give family keeping something members love, security and stability.

> if family relationships are unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice.

**KS2 R22.** about privacy what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online).

KS2 R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact.

**KS2 R27**. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will not be agreed to, and confidence or share a secret.

parents); that families of Be aware of vulnerable pupils & safeguarding (family backgrounds/history). For lessons covering a sensitive topic always provide information at the end of the lesson on who children can speak to with any worries or concerns. Be aware that safeguarding issues may **KS2 R9.** how to recognise arise from discussion on these topics, if this did occur then Academy Child Protection Procedure should be followed.

This may be a sensitive topic for some pupils therefore it is important to end the lesson with signposting to appropriate support or further advice for pupils. and personal boundaries; Encourage them to share, if they have any further questions, even if this is simply encouraging them to discuss with family at home or putting a question in the class private question box.

## 2020 Statutory Guidance Families and people who care for me:

that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heat of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. - how to recognise if family relationships are making them unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).

about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. find out about) or should - that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or when it is right to break a unsafe physical, and other, contact.

how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.

support if needed.

- Explain the right to privacy and where on their body is private.
- Recognise that their body belongs to them |called | PANTS. and recall how to protect their bodies.
- Discuss the difference between good and worry secrets and identify who to approach for help if they were worried.

The NSPCC have a range of lessons andresources

2	it means to me.  - Identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of	KS2 H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction.  KS2 H31. about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual	- how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.  Being Safe: - what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in adigital context) about the concept of privacy.  Recap the ground rules. It's important to remind the children they will be discussing sensitive information. Recap the ground rules at the start of every lesson this term. Also emphasise confidentiality and safeguarding. There is a slide with Teacher notes and a script to help with emphasising confidentiality and safeguarding.  It would also be helpful to arrange for an additional female member of staff (teacher or classroom assistant) to support this session.  This may be a sensitive topic for some pupils therefore it is important to end the lesson with signposting to appropriate support or further advice for pupils.  Encourage them to share, if they have any further questions, even if this is simply encouraging them to discuss with family at home or putting a question in the class private question have		In this lesson the children will: Learn about puberty and what it means grow into an adult. Describe how children change into adults so that they are able to reproduce and understand that puberty is part of this process. Label the main parts of the male reproductive organs including external genitalia. Define what puberty is and list physical and emotional changes that happen to boys and girls during this time of change. Identify some similarities in the changes for males and females during puberty. Explain the steps required to look after their bodies during puberty and how to manage their personal hygiene.	https://111.wales.nhs.uk/ Puberty/  Child and parent friendly leaflet on puberty by the NHS https://www.nhs.uk/livewell/puberty/documents/4y
		during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams).  KS2 H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene.	it is important to end the lesson with signposting to appropriate support or further advice for pupils.  Encourage them to share, if they have any further questions, even if this is simply encouraging them to discuss with family at home or putting a question in the class private question box.  Be aware that vocabulary around body parts particularly when discussing genitalia may not be developed. Often children use non-scientific or 'home	•	Identify some similarities in the changes for males and females during puberty. Explain the steps required to look after their bodies during puberty and how to	Child and parent friendly leaflet on puberty by the NHS https://www.nhs.uk/livew

		growing and changing	Changing adolescent hody		guan/Tarm-relationships
		growing and changing,	Changing adolescent body:		queryTerm=relationships+
		especially about puberty.	, , ,		and+sex+education
			body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11,		
			including physical and emotional changes.		Advice for parents and
					carers: Royal College of
					Psychologists - Surviving
					Adolescence
					https://www.rcpsych.ac.u
					k/mental-health/parents-
					and-young-
					people/information-for-
					parents-and-
					carers/surviving-
					adolescence-for-parents
					Sex Education Forum -
					Puberty
3	~ Know about	KS2 H30. to identify	This is a lesson for which you will find it helpful to have	In this lesson the children will:	TES
		the external genitalia	the support of a School Health Nurse, if you can	<ul> <li>Understand there is much about puberty</li> </ul>	https://www.tes.com/d7/
	· ·	and internal	arrange it. They will probably be happy to take the lead	<u> </u>	period-education-betty-
		reproductive organs	on clarifying details about menstruation and explaining	· · ·	for-schools
		in males and females	and demonstrating the items of sanitary wear.	<ul> <li>Identify changes that they can control as</li> </ul>	Please note Betty for
	•	and how the process	and demonstrating the items of sameary wear	they grow into an adult.	schools link does not work
	~	of puberty relates to	Ensure you know the policy and procedures that	<ul> <li>Give advice or words of support that they</li> </ul>	but TES have other
		human reproduction.	support any girls in your Academy when having a	could offer if a friend has a particular	resources here too.
	organs in males	raman reproduction:	period.	worry or concern about a change that	l'esources mere too.
	~	KS2 H31. about the	period.		Further information for
	how the process of		Recap the ground rules. It's important to remind the	occurs in puberty.	teachers -
	•	emotional changes	children they will be discussing sensitive information.	Describe how periods affect girls both	https://www.nhs.uk/condi
	· ·	that happen when		physically and emotionally.	
		approaching and	Recap the ground rules at the start of every lesson this	, , ,	1 1 // - 1 6: 0/2
	reproduction.	during puberty	term. Also <b>emphasise confidentiality and</b>	important when a girl is having her period.	Oof%20puberty%20includ
			safeguarding. There is a slide with Teacher notes and a		-
		(including	script to help with emphasising confidentiality and	during menstruation (having a period).	e%20girls,the%20average
		menstruation, key	safeguarding.		%20age%20is%2012.
		facts about the			NUIC Malas information Co
		menstrual cycle and	It is important to include in the lesson signposting to		NHS Wales information for
		menstrual wellbeing,	appropriate support or for further advice for pupils,		signs of puberty:

erections and wet dreams).

KS2 H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene.

KS2 H34. About where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty.

should they have any further questions, even if this is simply encouraging them to discuss with family at home or putting a question in the class private question box.

Be aware that vocabulary around body parts particularly when discussing genitalia may not be developed. Often children use non-scientific or 'home accepted' words.

Familiarise yourself with the vocabulary required in this lesson.

Prior to the lesson, read the lesson guidance throughout the slides, for additional support.

## 2020 Statutory Guidance Changing adolescent body:

 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle. https://111.wales.nhs.uk/ Puberty/

Child and parent friendly leaflet on puberty by the NHS

https://www.nhs.uk/livew ell/puberty/documents/4y oumarch2010nonprinting. pdf

IF YOU ARE A MEMBER:
Medway / PSHE
Association RSE Resource
Yr 4/5 —
Lesson 2 — Menstruation
and Wet
Dreams <a href="https://pshe-association.org.uk/search?gueryTerm=relationships+and+sex+education">https://pshe-association.org.uk/search?gueryTerm=relationships+and+sex+education</a>

Advice for parents and carers: Royal College of Psychologists - Surviving Adolescence https://www.rcpsych.ac.uk/mental-health/parents-and-young-people/information-for-parents-and-carers/surviving-

Sex Education Forum - Puberty

adolescence-for-parents

Know what FGM is. KS2 H46. that female is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk.

> if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice.

**KS2 R22.** about privacy what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online).

KS2 R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact.

**KS2 R29.** where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal Being Safe: safety (including online).

Optional lesson to be decided by each Academy. genital mutilation (FGM) Recommended to be delivered in conjunction with Lesson 1.

Be aware of vulnerable pupils & safeguarding (family backgrounds/history). For lessons covering a sensitive • topic always provide information at the end of the lesson on who children can speak to with any worries **KS2 R9.** how to recognise or concerns. Be aware that safeguarding issues may arise from discussion on these topics, if this did occur then school child protection procedure should be followed.

FGM is a sensitive and emotive subject. It is therefore essential that a safe learning environment is created for the session to take place. Ensure that other staff and personal boundaries; are aware that FGM will be discussed with pupils before teaching takes place. This will help to ensure the school is prepared to respond to any concerns or disclosures that arise, in particular child protection concerns.

> This may be a sensitive topic for some pupils therefore it is important to end the lesson with signposting to appropriate support or further advice for pupils. Students should be encouraged to identify who they can speak to for support and how they can ask for support.

> Familiarise yourself with the vocabulary required in this lesson. Prior to the lesson, read the lesson guidance throughout the slides, for additional support.

## 2020 Statutory Guidance –

what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in adigital context).

In this lesson the children will:

- Identify who they may give permission to touch us. e.g. holding a parent's hand as we cross a road, a nurse or doctor if we were poorly.
- Know that their body belongs to them and Rights in the Primary recall how to protect their body.
- Label the main parts of the female reproductive organs including external genitalia.
- Learn what FGM stands for.
- Learn what FGM is.
- Learn what harm FGM causes.
- Recall what legal and illegal means.
- Know that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law.
- Learn where to find support if needed for themselves or others.

The NSPCC has a range of lessons andresources called PANTS.

Learning about Human School – Universal Declaration of Human Rights and UN Convention on the Rights of the Child

	about the concept of privacy.	